

Natural Flood Management in Ireland & Woodlands

Nathy Gilligan Head of Environment Office Public Works



Flood works increasing

Natural Flood Management

Current Understanding

Woodland's Role

Floods Increasing

Recent Floods

November 2009: >1,600 Properties, Insured Losses Circa €250m

- ► October 2011: Nearly 1,700 Properties, Insured Losses Circa €130m
- Winter 2015/16: Over 500 Properties (Appx. 2,000 Properties under Threat)

National Risk

Climate Change

Sea Level Rise 190mm: 1901-2010

Wetter Winters / Warmer Summers

Government Funding

► Allocation of near €1bn (NDP 2018-2027)

Budget increasing from €50m/yr to €100m/yr

Major Flood Relief Schemes

Structural designs Bridge widen Channel deepen Walls



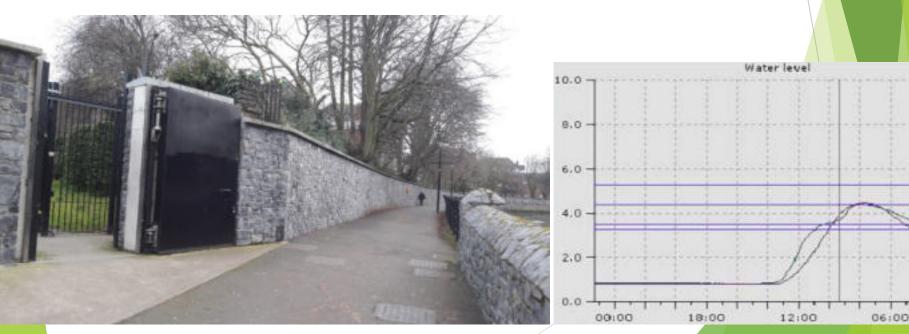




Non-Structural designs

- Demountable Barriers
- Flood gates
- Flood forecasting





Natural Flood Management

What is it

- Reduce flooding by using more natural methods to store or slow down water
- Design to re-naturalise the catchment

What call it

- Natural Flood Management (NFM)
- Working with Natural Processes (WwNP)
- Natural Water Retention Measures (NWRM)

Natural Water Retention Measures

www.nwrm.eu



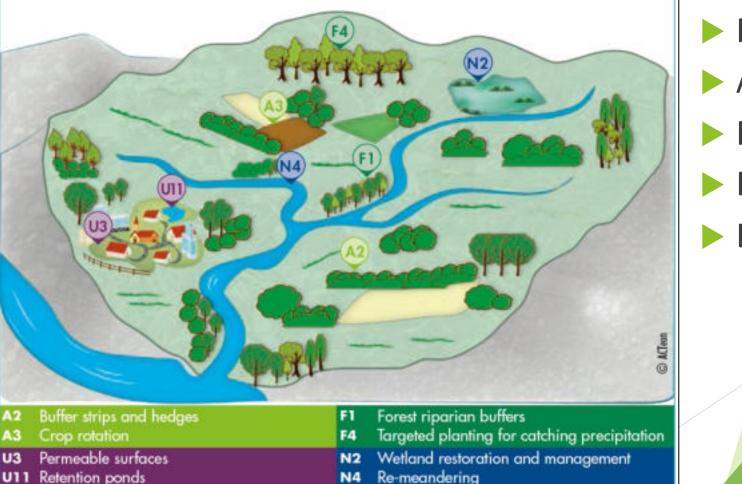




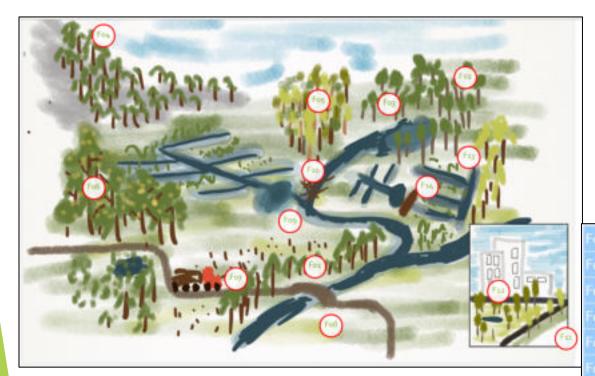
Commission NWRM Guidance

Integrated thinking





Commission NWRM Guidance – Forestry Sector



Forest ri	parian buffers
-----------	----------------

- Maintenance of forest cover in headwater areas
- Afforestation of reservoir catchments
- Targeted planting for 'catching' precipitation
- Land use conversion
- 6 Continuous cover forestry
- Water sensitive' driving
- oB Appropriate design of roads and stream crossings
- 09 Sediment capture ponds
- 10 Coarse woody debris
- Urban forest parks
- 12 Trees in Urban areas
- Fag Peak flow control structures
 - Overland flow areas in peatland forests

Current Understanding

- Cork Flood Defence options (www.lowerleefrs.ie)
- 5000 overland flow interventions
- 0.5 4.5% off 100year Flood
- City defences near same height
 Practicality many landowners







Current Understanding

People & Insurance seek 1:100 year flood protection

- NWRM limited reduction on large floods / large catchments (Lee 10 - 100 times scale of UK)
- Protection for large floods walls, embankments, demountables, flood storage, by-pass channels
- Can reduce smaller floods / smaller catchments (10-20% for some small sub-catchments in Lee)

Future potential

NFM can reduce the need for raising existing flood defences due to climate change effects

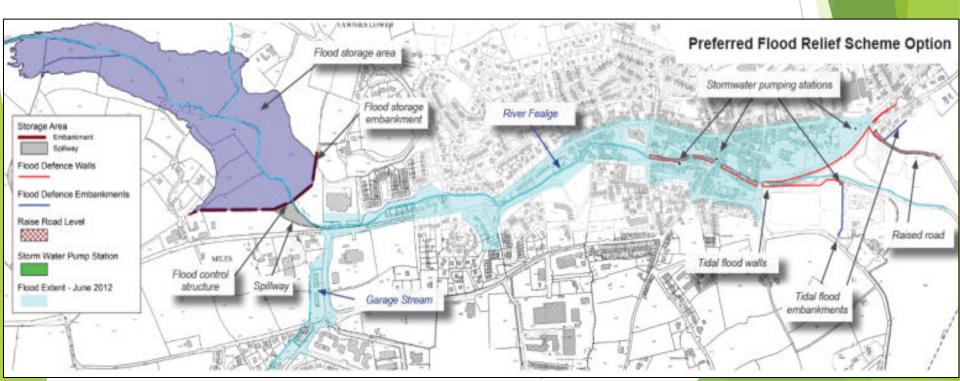
Can buffer the catchment for communities to withstand more extreme events in the future

Has a role in a wider catchment approach and compliment more traditional flood defences

Can provide many additional benefits to environment and society

Future approach

Partial NWRM where feasible Flood Storage & Wall defences All new Projects consider



National - Implementing

Integrated Catchment Management

- Work group setting up under Water Framework Directive
- Multi Agency Forest Service, EPA, Agri, Housing, OPW, IFI

Research

- ► EPA & OPW Research Project on Natural Water Retention (€500,00 STRIVE)
- PhD with Trinity College under Enterprise Partnership Scheme – focus on forestry

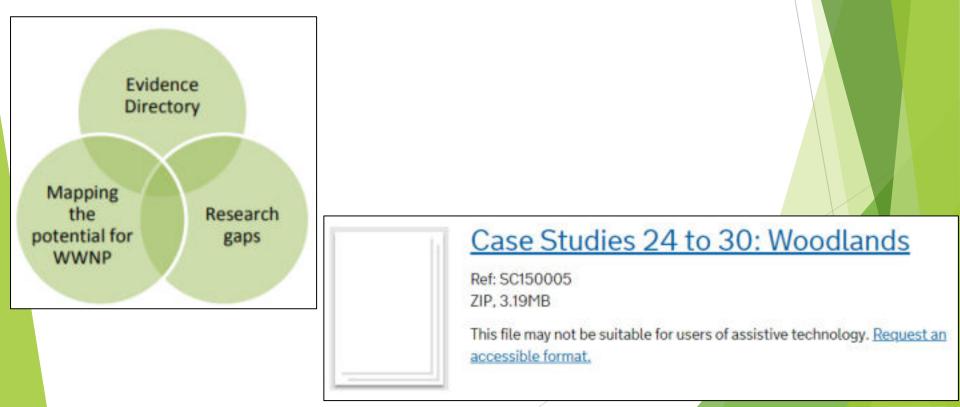
Many others

- Coillte wetland restoration
- Bord Na Mona bog rehabilitation
- Local Authorities wetland park

Woodlands Role

UK now published:

- Working with Natural Processes Evidence Directory
- Large central repository of information
- Gives latest understanding for woodlands



One-page summaries



Example – Pickering UK

- Flood Storage Bund (90% of design storage)
 2 Timber Bunds / 167 Woody Debris dams
 50Ha Woodland
- Small Catchment / 25yr Flood Design
 2015 Flood no houses flooded









Flood protection works are increasing

- Natural Water Retention Measures guidance for woodlands
- Integrated Catchment Management & multiple benefit projects – the way forward
- UK evidence shows Woodland's have a role